

Date Planned : / /	Daily Tutorial Sheet - 8	Expected Duration : 90 Min
Actual Date of Attempt ://	Level - 2	Exact Duration :

I.P.₁ and I.P.₂ of Mg are 178 and 348 kcal mol⁻¹. The enthalpy required for the reaction 96.

 $Mg \to Mg^{2+} + 2e^{-}$ is:

- +170 kcal (A)
- (B) +526 kcal
- (C) -170 kcal

(D) -526 kcal

97. $X_{(g)} \longrightarrow X^+(g) + e^-,$ $\Delta H = +720 \text{ kJ mol}^{-1}$

 $oldsymbol{f (E)}$

Calculate the amount of energy required to convert 110 mg of 'X' atom in gaseous state into X⁺ ion. (Atomic wt. for X = 7 g/mol)

- (A) 10.4 kJ
- 12.3 kJ(B)
- (C) 11.3 kJ
- (D) 14.5 kJ

98. Consider the following changes: $oldsymbol{f E}$

- $M(s) \longrightarrow M(g)$
- ...(1)
- $M(s) \longrightarrow M^{2+}(g) + 2e^{-}$
- ...(2)

- $M(g) \longrightarrow M^+(g) + e^-$
- ...(3)
- $M^+(g) \longrightarrow M^{2+}(g) + e^-$

 $M(g) \longrightarrow M^{2+}(g) + 2e^{-}$...(5)

The second ionization energy of M could be calculated from the energy values associated with:

- 1 + 3 + 4
- 2 1 + 3**(B)**
- (C) 1 + 5
- (D) 5 - 3
- *99. Consider the following values of I.E. (eV) for elements W and X:

Element

- I.E.₂
- I.E.₃
- I.E.₄

- W
- I.E., 10.5
- 15.5
- 24.9
- 79.8

X 78.9 105.8 14.8

Other two element Y and Z have outer electronic configuration $\,\mathrm{ns}^2\mathrm{np}^4$ and $\,\mathrm{ns}^2\mathrm{np}^5$ respectively. Then according to given information which of the following compound(s) is/are not possible?

- (A) W_2Y_3
- (B) X_2Y_3
- (C)
- (D) XZ_2

100. Which is the correct order of ionization energies? $oldsymbol{(}oldsymbol{)}$

 $F^- > F > Cl^- > Cl$ (A)

(B) $F > Cl > Cl^- > F^-$

 WZ_2

 $F^- > Cl^- > Cl > F$ (C)

(D) $F^- > Cl^- > F > Cl$

Silicon

101. Which of the following statements is incorrect?

- (A) The second ionization energy of sulphur is greater than that of chlorine
- **(B)** The third ionization energy of aluminium is greater than that of phosphorus
- (C) The first ionization energy of aluminium is approximately the same as that of gallium
- The second ionization energy of boron is greater than that of carbon (D)
- 102. First ionization energy is highest for:

(A) (B) Carbon

- (D) Tin
- 103. The incorrect statement among the following is:

- $igo(oldsymbol{b})$
- (A) The first ionization potential of Al is less than the first ionization potential of Mg
- **(B)** The second ionization potential of Mg is greater than the second ionization potential of Na

74

(C)

- (C) The first ionization potential of Na is less than the first ionization potential of Mg
- **(D)** The third ionization potential of Mg is greater than the third ionization potential of Al



104. The correct values of ionization enthalpies (in kJ $mo\Gamma^{-1}$) of Si, P, Cl and S respectively are:

(

(A) 786, 1012, 999, 1256

(B) 1012, 786, 999, 1256,

(C) 786, 1012, 1256, 999

(D) 786, 999, 1012, 1256

105. The third ionization energy is maximum for:

(A) Nitrogen

(B) Phosphorus

(C) Aluminium

(D) Boron